The very bad state or

- The footpath loading tuwards West Lawington agrees the Clay especially the portion across the Regrestion ground.
- s. The top parti on or cametery Lane near "Crossways", and
- A complaint of the removal of a "land mark" on to the public road.

As the Parish Souncil was unable to deal with these matters it was unanimously resolved to recer than to the Eural District Jouneil

The Surveyor in answer to the Chairman reported as to No. 1. The Path in question was not in bad commention; it was in fair condition but the propie preferred to walk on the grass at the stas or the path.

As to No. 2. The reason why the top portion of demetery Lane was in a bad occaition was owing to the long spell of wet weather. He was directed to attend to 11 when the weather improved.

As to No. 3, land Mark or Soulder. He was directed to make enquiries.

THE LAVINGTON.

Obstruction to alleged Bridle Fath at the rear or Dauntsey School leading from Littleton to the Little Im vereil Hoad.

It was HESOLVED:-

That the Surveyor and Clerk be directed to inspect the Award of the Parish and report on the above matter, also that if they find that the Award and Map bore out Mr. Jackson's view that it was not a Bridle Track the Slerk write assemble informing the Parish Council accordingly.

MERSONAL REPORT.

The Inspector submitted his report. He reported

Fosterno.

That the Bewer which prosses the road in Lower Street near Mr. J. Newmans House having bean broken in by heavy traffic as had had same temporarily repaired and numerated that a new 5° cast aren pips be laid.

It was RESOLVED:-

To recommend the Council to early out the Inspector's essention.

SOUTH.

He recorded that the dwallinghouses mituate at Bath Most, Devises, Known as for, 1 to 6 Bloomfield Terraps owned by Mandades

Todd and occupied by 6 . Goatrey, J

Rillagr. H

Planlook, J

Bottom, J

bon mypee

Thise, respectively were without drains sufficient for effectual drainage and were within 100 feet of the Journal's memor which was Decembly Isla.

It was REDALVER:-

To requirend the Council to serve formal notices upun the owners requestion them to put in a sovered deals opened top

Devizes Rural District Council (RDC) Minutes (1929)

a. <u>Date.</u> 23/12/1929

b. Relevance.

In 1929 responsibility for the maintenance of highways in Market Lavington still rested with Devizes Rural District Council although it was imminently to become that of Wiltshire County Council.

c. Archives. WSHC, Ref. G5/100/16

d. Evidence.

At least one entry refers to Cemetery Lane, Market Lavington. Cemetery Lane is now named Drove Lane

On page 507, 23rd December 1929, a minute reads:

"Market Lavington - Cemetery Lane

A letter dated 23rd December was received from Mr John Davis, calling attention to the condition of Cemetery Lane in front of his five cottages where, he stated, that water had washed out the sand to a depth of 12 or 15 inches. Mr. Davis suggested in his letter that the cavity should be filled in with chalk stone.

The Surveyor reported that Cemetery Lane was a sand lane which had been badly affected by the heavy rains; he was of the opinion that the placing of chalk in the lane would be of little use unless the lane was properly metalled throughout.

After discussion, it was resolved that the Surveyor be instructed to have the surface of the lane levelled where necessary by replacing the sand."

Photo: 1929-12-23 Devizes RDC (G5-100-16 p507): Photo of page 507. The relevant text is towards the top of the page.

e. Assessment.

This minute makes it clear that the RDC accepted responsibility for Cemetery Lane i.e. it was not considered a private route, and they were prepared to repair it. The minutes do not differentiate between different sections of the lane.

This is good evidence that in 1929 the whole of Cemetery Lane was considered by the RDC, the body responsible at that time for highways, to be a public highway.

23rd December, 1929.

as the Rating Authority, Notice of Appeal against the decision of the Assessment Committee on the hearing of a proposal for the 19th December, and was made on behalf of the occupier of the premises, by Mr. Young, it was resolved that this Council take no action in Committee would probably undertake to defend their decision of the premises.

MARKET L.VINGTON - CEMETERY LINE.

i letter dated the 23rd December was received from Mr. John Davis, calling attention to the condition of Cemetery Lane in front of his five cottages where, he stated, the water had washed out the sand to a depth of 12 or 15 inches. If Davis suggested in his letter that the cavity should be filled in with chalk stone.

The Surveyor reported that Cemetery Lane was a sand lane which had been badly affected by the heavy rains; he was of the opinion that the placing of chalk in the lane would be of little use unless the lane was properly metalled throughout.

ifter discussion, it was resolved that the Surveyor be instructed to have the surface of the lane levelled where necessary by replacing the sand.

The Medical Officer reported that since the last meeting he had been notified of the occurrence of cases of scarlet fever in West Lavington, Stanton St. Bernard and Urchfont, and one case of Ophthalmia Neonatorum. No case of diphtharia had occurred since the last meeting and he hoped that the epidemic had ended,

HOUSING COMMIT The following report of a liecting of the Housing Committee held on the 12th December, copies of which had been circulated among the members, was taken as read, viz:-

COUNCIL COTT.GES - COUPLLINTS - D.M.GE BY G.LE.

The Clork submitted a number of complaints, which he had received from tenants of the Council's cottages in all parts of the district, with regard to water entering the cottages and damage caused by the gale.

The Collector received that he also had received numerous.

The Collector reported that he also had received numerous complaints of this nature, but he stated that the trouble was not confined to the Council's cottages; house property generally had been affected in the same way by the exceptionally bad weather.

The Collector reported in detail the extent of the damage to roofs and the steps taken to have this remadied. He further reported that in most cases water had found its way through the windows, and that in most cases water had found its way through the stated in the more exposed places this trouble had been serious. He stated in the more exposed places this trouble had been serious. He stated that rain was driven by the strong wind through the joint where the that rain was driven by the strong wind through the joint where the oak and stone sills met, and he thought this could be remedied by oak and stone sills met, and he thought this could be remedied by stopping up the joints with some impervious preparation. Water was stopping up the joints with some impervious preparation of the also driven in account the accomments. also driven in around the casements. As regards the bottom of the window opening, the Collector reported that he had previously remedied this trouble on the Great Cheverell site by having a length remedied this trouble on the Breat Cheverell site by having a length of hoop-iron fitted to the bottom of the casements; when the window was closed this affectively residued the apperture.

was closed this effectively sealed the aperture.

After discussion, upon the proposition of Mr. Butler, seconded by Mr. Young, it was resolved that the Collector be instructed to make the best possible arrangements in exceptional cases for make the best possible arrangements in exceptional the windows. preventing water from entering the cottages through the windows.

Upon the proposition of Mr. Fennell, seconded by Mr. Butler, it was further resolved that the Inspector be instructed to have hoopiron fitted to the bottom of the casement windows in the manner described by him

The Collector further reported that a lorge number of complaints referred to water being blown by the wind under the soullery doors in the houses. He stated that this question was considered by the

WCC Roads & Bridges Committee Minutes (1936)

- a. <u>Date.</u> 1936
- b. Relevance.

In 1936 ultimate responsibility for highways rested with the County Council. Matters raised by Parish and Rural District Councils are dealt with in these minutes and the decisions of the Roads and Bridges Committee carry significant weight as to the status of any highway.

- c. Archives. WSHC, Ref. F1/100/6/12
- d. Evidence.

A number of entries in these minutes are concerns with Cemetery Lane, raised with Wiltshire County Council (WCC) by Market Lavington Parish Council or Devizes Rural District Council (RDC).

Cemetery Lane was renamed as Drove Lane some time in the mid to late 1950s. The Wiltshire Highway Record map shows what is the application route annotated "CEMETERY LANE".

- 1) 7th February 1936: Raised with WCC by Market Lavington PC.
- "22 Market Lavington.
- (a) Calling attention to the bad condition of lanes in the parish and particularly Cemetery Lane

Committee's Decision: It would appear that the complaint chiefly refers to non-repairable highways. Cemetery Lane is repairable for a portion of its length and that is in good condition"

Photo: 1936-02-07 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-12 p59): Entry re Cemetery Lane from 7th Feb. 1936. The relevant text is halfway down the right-hand page. Implicit in this communication between the Parish Council and WCC is the understanding that Cemetery Lane is a public highway.

- 2) 3rd July 1936, page 224: Raised with WCC by Market Lavington PC.
- " 5. Market Lavington.
- ... (b) Cemetery Lane C.7097 and Road C.7093. The Sub-Committee inspected both these roads. In each case, they are repairable up to a certain point, beyond which they become sand tracks. The Parish Council request that repairs should be carried out for the full length of these roads

The Sub-Committee recommend that liability be admitted for the repair of C.7097 Cemetery Lane from its junction with Road B.3098 for a distance of .42 miles;..."

Photo: 1936-07-03 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-12 p224): Entry re Cemetery Lane from 3rd July 1936. The relevant text is the third paragraph from the bottom of the left-hand page. Implicit in this minute is that Cemetery Lane is considered by WCC a public highway; they explicitly refer to it as a road.

3) 3rd July 1936, page 226: Raised with WCC by Devizes RDC.

The minute states

"9. Devizes Rural District.

... (b) Russell Mill Lane. The Sub-Committee further considered the Order of Justices dated 1906 with reference to Russell Mill Lane ...

The order does not refer to Wick Lane, and of the other two roads referred to in the Order, one is admitted as repairable, and the other, Cemetery Lane, (see paragraph 5 (b) of this report) is not repairable throughout its whole length"

Photo: 1936-07-03 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-12 p226): A further entry re Cemetery Lane from 3rd July 1936. The relevant text is at the bottom of the left-hand page. Implicit in this minute is that Cemetery Lane is considered by WCC a public highway; they explicitly refer to it as a road.

e. Assessment.

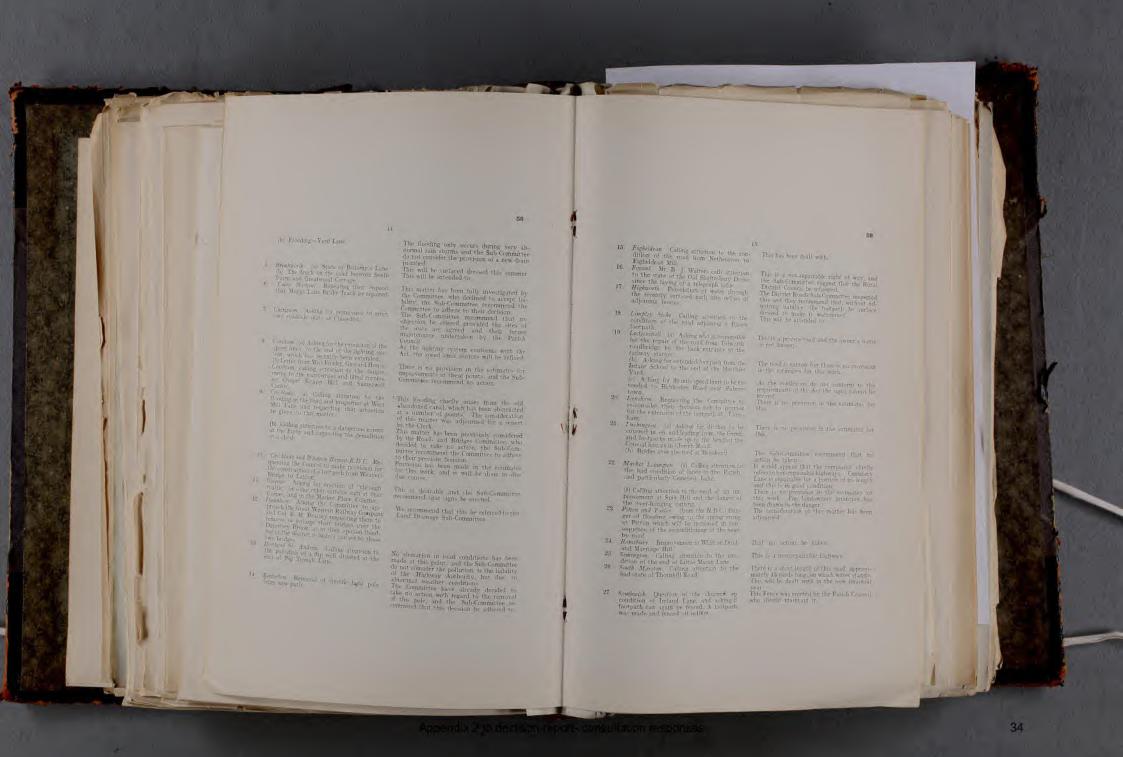
These minutes are referring to issues regarding Cemetery Lane raised with WCC by Market Lavington Parish Council and Devizes Rural District Council.

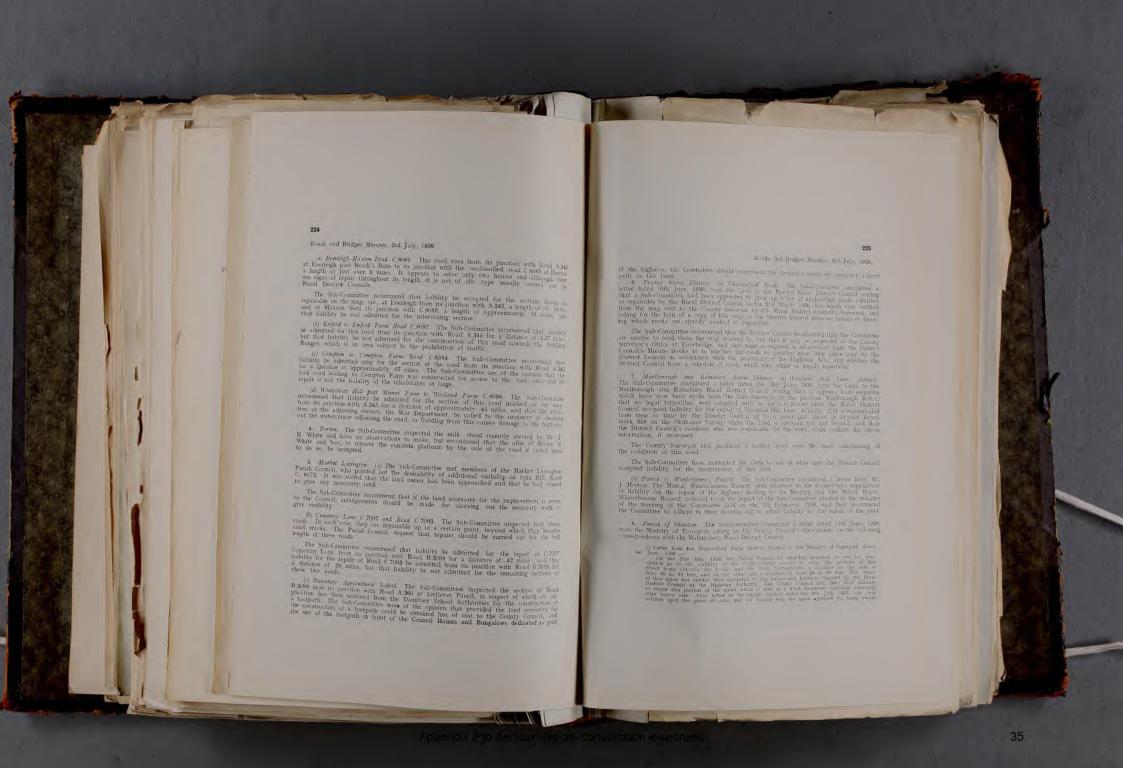
It is clear that the WCC Roads & Bridges Committee considered the whole length of Cemetery Lane, including the unmetalled portion, to be a public highway.

On page 224 the Parish Council refers to Cemetery Lane as one of "both these roads" and on page 226 the Roads and Bridges committee do the same.

Nowhere do any of the three bodies with some level of responsibility for highways (WCC, RDC or PC) refer to any part of Cemetery Lane as a footpath.

As all three bodies with responsibility for highways consider all of Cemetery Lane to be a public highway with rights higher than those a footpath these minutes are good evidence of the reputation of the application route as a public road, with rights at least those of a public bridleway.





to help, having no jurisdiction as a Sanitary Authority, would be glad if the Minister of Transport could see his way to take some action to compel the County Council to discharge their liability. My Council are informed that in other towns in the County (Marisborough for instance) the County Council repair the sides of the through readway.

(ii) Letter from the Ministry of Transport to the Clerk to the Malmesbury Rural Distret Council dated the 9th July, 1932

Gouncil dated the 9th July, 1932

and enclosures therewith as to the question of which Authority is responsible for the repair of the road margins of High Street, Sherston.

Teply, I am to say that the answer to this question depends on whether or no such margins were dedicated as part of the highway A3 this is a question of fact of which no definite information has been supplied, the Minister is unable to give a definite opinion.

which no definite information of the major takes to between the adjoining topinion.

Unless the presumption is rebutted, all the ground that is between the adjoining properties is presumed to have been dedicated as highway and it would not be inconsistent with this presumption that markets and tairs are held on the margin forming part of the highway and that the lord of the manor takes toils in respect of such markets and fairs.

part of the highway and that the ford of the manor takes tone in respect of subministers and dairs.

If the whole of the ground between the adjoining properties was dedicated, the Minister, while having no authority to interpret a point of law, is of opinion that the County Council cannot avoid responsibilities as highway authority in respect of the margus

The Sub-Committee had previously inspected the roadside margins in High Street. Sherston. The metalled carriageway of the classified road is clearly defined by setts and has always been a repairable highway, but there is no evidence that the margins have ever has always been a reparable argumany but there is no evaluate the margins are tree been dedicated as part of the highway repairable by the inhabitants at large. There is no sign of repair systematic or otherwise by the Rural District Council and at one or two points there are signs of boundary marks of private property. The Lord of the Manor has exercised certains rights of ownership over these margins and has received tolls in

The Sub-Committee recommend the Committee to inform the Ministry accordingly. and to adhere to their decision not to admit hability for the repair of these roadside

9. Devices Rural District. (a) Five Lanes, Potterne. The Sub-Committee considered the following letter dated the 2nd June, 1936, from Mr. S. Saunders,

My attention has been called to the minutes of the Roads and Bridges Committee of the Wilss County Council, dated list May, 1930, containing an extract of a report I made to the Devizes Rural District Council on the repair of Five Lanes, Potterne.

The property of the report of the Prive Lanes, Potterne was made of the county Council on the report of Five Lanes, Potterne was made to the council of the council of the council of the lane from Wissley Road to Five Lanes, Mill was a metalled highway and as such the lane was a public language that was a council. The question at large this was to whether the lane was a public language property of the lane from at large this was a first of the council of the council of the council of the council of the present powers to be property of the present Devizes to Salidary in an extraction of the council of the c

and they recommend the Committee to adhere to their decision not to admit liability for the repair of this road.

(b) Russell Mill Lane. The Sub-Committee further considered the Order of Justices dated 1906 with reference to Russell Mill Lane, referred to in the report of the Sub-Committee 1926. printed in the minutes of the meeting of the Committee held on the 1st May, 1936, and they recommend the Committee to adhere to their decision not to admit liability for the The Order does not refer to Wick Lang and of the metalled road.

The Order does not refer to Wick Lane, and of the other two roads referred to in the Order, one is admitted as repairable, and the other, Cemetery Lane, (see paragraph 5 (b) of this report.) is not repairable throughout its whole length. 227

Roads and Bridges Minutes, 3rd July, 1936.

10. Salisbury and Willon Rural District. (a) Bridge at Scotland Hatches, Hanging to the Salisbury and Wilton Rural District Council submitting a complaint from the Clerk of all Perish Council at the refusal of the Council council are required to the Stephen. to the Sansbury and Wilton Kurai District Council, submitting a complaint from the Steeple Scotland Hatches on the Hanging Langlord public hostpath at Bathampton, and stating that the Wilton Rural District Council as the highway authority adopted hability for this council as the Council as the highway authority adopted hability for this council as the council as the highway authority adopted hability for this council as the council as th that the repairing it, and that by reason of the Local Government Act, 1929, the liability is now with the County Council.

is now with the county council.

There are signs at the bridge of an artificial and private watercourse, and there is therefore no liability on the highway authority. The Sub-Committee recommend the Committee to adhere to their decision not to admit liability for the repair of the bridge.

11. Calne and Chippenham Rural District, Louise Lane, Hilmarton. The Sub-Com. mittee considered a letter dated 18th May, 1936, from Messrs, Spackman, Dale and Hood-asking whether the Committee do not consider the minutes of a former Highway Authority the effect that they have provided the materials for the purpose of repairing a road sufficient evidence, and stating that if not they can get verbal evidence of one of the old

The Sub-Committee recommend the Committee to adhere to their previous decision not to admit liability for the repair of this road.

12. Highworth Rural District. Parish of Chisladon. The Sub-Committee considered a letter from the Highworth United Charties calling attention to the need for repairs to a of water from private land and only a small quantity from the ditch at the side of the county road into which the occupation road leads, and the Sub-Committee recommend the Committee not to admit liability for these repairs.

E. G. WARREN.

WCC Roads & Bridges Committee Minutes (1951 & 1952)

- a. <u>Date.</u> 1951 &1952
- b. Relevance.

In 1951 and 1952 ultimate responsibility for highways rested with the County Council. Matters raised by Parish and Rural District Councils are dealt with in these minutes and the decisions of the Roads and Bridges Committee (WCC R&B) carry significant weight as to the status of any highway.

- c. Archives. WSHC, Ref. F1/100/6/16
- d. Evidence.

A number of entries are concerned with a request by residents of Cemetery Lane, Market Lavington that the unmetalled portion of the lane be made up and with discussions about what contribution adjacent landowners might make to the cost of doing so.

1) Market Lavington Parish Council complained to Wiltshire County Council (WCC) about the bad state of Cemetery Lane

6th April 1951, page 53: The minute reads: "No: 14, Parish and Subject: Market Lavington. Complaining of the bad state of Cemetery Lane since the laying of a water main and stating that it is understood the adjoing landowners would be willing to contribute towards the cost of metalling the lane. Committee's Decision: That as the section of Cemetery Lane referred to is not a repairable highway, the complaint should be referred to the water authority"

Photo: 1951-04-06 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-16): Entry re Cemetery Lane from 6th April 1951. The relevant text is half-way down the left-hand page. Implicit in the complaint and the response is that Cemetery lane is a public highway.

 Then Market Lavington PC asked WCC if the County Council will make good the surface if adjoining landowners contribute to the cost

<u>1st June 1951, p129</u>: The minute reads "**No:** 18, **Parish and Subject:** Market Lavington. Asking whether, if the adjoining owners agree to bear the expense of laying ballast and hardcore on a section of Cemetery Lane, which is not a repairable highway, the County Council will assist in making good the surface and accept future responsibility for its upkeep. **Committee's Decision:** That the Parish Council be requested to submit a scheme for the repair of this road."

Photo: 1951-06-01 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-16 p129): Entry re Cemetery Lane from 1st June 1951. The relevant minute is half-way down the right-hand page. Implicit in this exchange is that both PC and WCC understand Cemetery Lane to be a public highway. In their response WCC refer to it as a road

3) Parish Council ask WCC how much frontagers may have to contribute

7th September 1951, page 162: The minute reads (relevant wording only)

"No: 8, Parish and Subject: Market Lavington.

(b) (Min. 207(8) – 1951). Asking whether an indication could be given of the proportion of the cost which the County Council would accept as contribution from the frontagers towards the cost of repairing a section of Cemetery Lane. **Committee's Decision:** That the county Surveyor prepare an estimate of the cost of the work and the Parish Council be asked to indicate how much the frontagers would be prepared to contribute."

Photo: 1951-09-07 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-16 p162): Entry re Cemetery Lane from 7th Sept. 1951. Relevant text is at the top of the right-hand page. Implicit inn this exchange is the understanding that the affected section is a public highway.

4) WCC respond that an offer of £200 is insufficient

1st February 1952, page 27: The minute reads "84, Devizes Rural District (a) Parish of Market Lavington. Cemetery Lane, Market Lavington. On considering a letter dated 4th January, 1952 from the Market Lavington Parish Council stating that £200 would be the maximum sum that the landowners could contribute towards the cost of making up the section of Cemetery Lane, which is not at present repairable, and on report made by the County Surveyor. RESOLVED: That the Parish Council be informed that, as the estimated cost of carrying out this work is £2000 and the contribution of £200 is considered not sufficient the Committee are not prepared to take any further action in this matter"

Photo: 1952-02-01 R&B Drove Lane (F1-100-6-16 p27): Entry re Cemetery Lane from 1st February 1952. The relevant text is about half-way down the right-hand page. Implicit in this exchange is the admission by WCC that the unmetalled section is a public highway.

e. <u>Assessment.</u>

Although the WCC R&B Committee state that the unmetalled portion of Cemetery Lane is not a repairable highway they never claim that it is private, and indeed suggest that they would repair it if the residents contributed sufficiently to the £2000 cost.

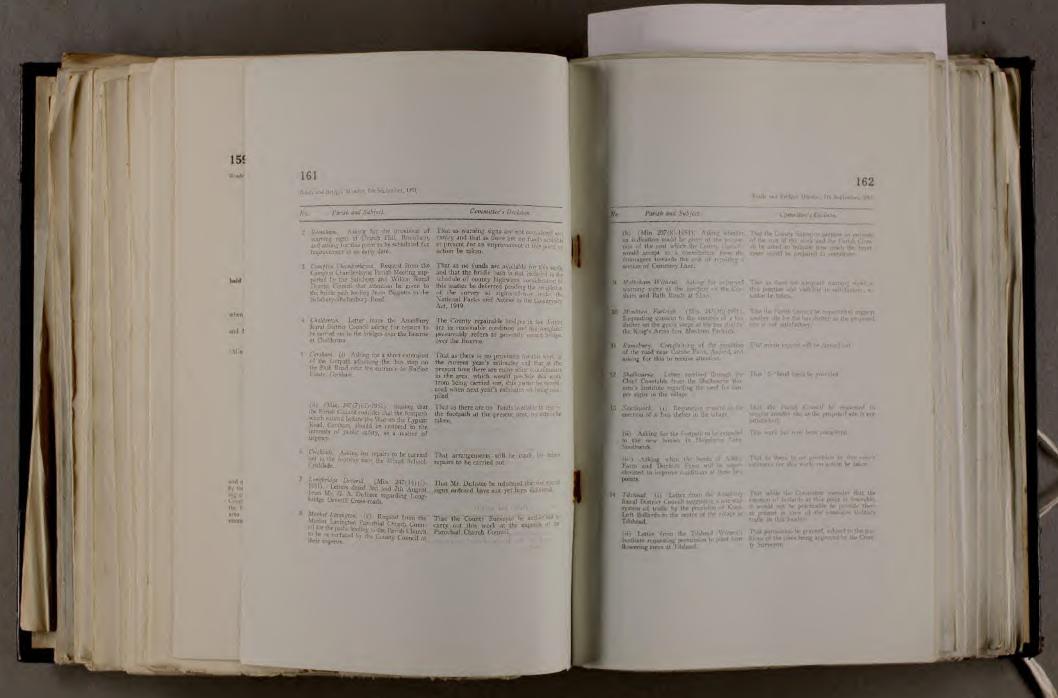
It is clear that the WCC R&B Committee (and indeed the adjacent landowners) considered the unmetalled portion of Cemetery lane to be a public highway.

The Committee's Decision refers to the section in question (1/6/1951) as a road.

These minutes are good evidence of the reputation of the application route as a public road, with rights at least those of a public bridleway.

53 Roads and Bridges Minutes, 6th April, 1951. Committee's Decision Porish and Subject 11 Hilperion Complaining of the condition of Provision for repairs has been made in the the kething to the footcath from Manor current year's estimates. From to the Council Houses, Hilperion, and asking for this to be repaired. 12 hangleblue Orwell Letter from Mr. G. That the word. "Slow" be paired in the Differe salsing for action to be taken to re-carriageway of the major road, due the danger at Longbridge Deverill. Cress-roads. 13 Ladywelule (1) Asking for the focusary to the control of the focusing our fire reflower bridge rowards the village, considered desirable there are no rands available for the works. to be extended;

(ii) Complaining that water stands in Thot consideration of this matter be adjourned. Crawlbry's Jathe, and asking for this to be 44 Market Lecentum. Complaining of the had. That as the section of Cerustery Line referred condition of Cerustery Line more fee layto is not a repairable highway, the complaint in the condition of a waterman, and stating alast it is should be referred to the water authority understood the adjunction discovers would he willing to contribute towards the cost of necialling the lane. 15 Melkaham Wilhoul. (c) Adding for the flooding which secure at Bath Road, Welli-aham, to be encedied. matter be adjourned. (ii) Complaining that triville enerticalities on the great region of the distances Lanck Road into bottles the vollege of Benamere and asking for this to be stopped and the verge made good. 16. Were. Complaining of the unsatisfactory condition of the initialled footpoth from Editorials in Southern of the initialled footpoth from Editorials in Southern and the one leading from the main road to Burbon, Merc. and sloting for structure to be given to these. 17 Warno. Asking fits action to be taken to. That there are no funds available for bonds, releves shooting at the water splash at ing the water splash, but an endeavour will be made to improve the run off in food tree. 18 Stapleford | Slin. 242 (0):1980). Asking to the offered when the Committee expect to hishway expenditure, the Committee are to be able to provide a Compact freezage, the able to a go when the faceignth will be provided.



Devizes Rural District Council (RDC) Register of ROWs under 1932 Act

a. <u>Date.</u> 1934

b. Relevance.

The object of the 1932 Rights of Way Act was to simplify the law relating to the proof or disproof of disputed Highways of all kinds.

Following the act in the 1930s local authorities, in Wiltshire's case Rural District Councils, created registers and maps of rights of way within each parish.

c. Archives. WSHC, Ref. G5/250/2

d. Meaning.

The Devizes RDC Register of Rights under the 1932 Act contains, by parish, a "List of Unmetalled Lanes or tracks which are Public Highways".

Entry no. 9 for Market Lavington is as follows:

"Name of Track" Cemetery Lane
"Leading from" New Road

"Leading to" Cemetery, thence Lavington-Urchfont Road

Until the 1950s Drove Lane was called Cemetery Lane.

At the western end of Drove Lane today is Kings Road. Entries on the same page for Easterton (Oak Lane, The Drove & Vicarage Lane) as well as Market Lavington (Windmill Lane & Fiddington Common) make it clear the road referred to as New Road is today Kings Road

The OS25inch Wiltshire Sheet XL.14 Second Edition (revised 1899,published 1900) shows a cemetery existed on the southern side of what is now called Drove Lane in the early 20th century.

The B3098 at the eastern end of Drove Lane runs from Market Lavington to Urchfont.

This entry is therefore describing the entire length of Cemetery Lane (as at 2024, Drove Lane) as an Unmetalled Lane or track.

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	4. Journal Same	Perform Road doner Madel Miller	Function To. 3 (7574 Taxon) moment to Freight	

Photo: 1932 RoW Act EAST-POTT unmetalled (G5-250-2): *Entry for the application route, then known as Cemetery Lane*

The table below shows the eight other entries for Market Lavington. In five cases the route clearly maps on to a route on the Definitive Statement, there are a number of candidates (BOATs) for no.3 and no.4 and no obvious match for no.8.

	Name of Track	Leading from	Leading to	PROW No. and status
1	Ridgway	West Lavington	Easterton Boundary	MLAV28, Byway
		Boundary		Open to all traffic
2	West Lavington	Junction with	West Lavington and thence	MLAV26, BR
	track	Lavington Hill Road at	to Gore Cross	
		"Nap Farm"		
3		Old Market Lavington	Candown and thence to	3
		– Salisbury road, on	Tilshead	
		plain		
4		do	New Copse and thence to	MLAV29: Byway
			Tilshead	Open to all traffic?
5	Russell Mill	Market Lavington	Russell Mill & West	MLAV7&MLAV2, BR
	Lane	Road, Spin Hill	Lavington	
6	Windmill Lane	do	New Road, thence to	MLAV9, BR
			bottom Ledge Hill	
7	Wick Lane	Market Lavington	West Lavington near	MLAV6: BR
		Road, top Ledge Hill	A'Becketts House	
8	Fiddington	New Road	Fiddington Common	No obvious match
	Common			

The Register also contains a "LIST OF PUBLIC FOOTPATHS WITHIN THE PARISH OF EASTERTON" and a "LIST OF PUBLIC FOOTPATHS WITHIN THE PARISH OF MARKET LAVINGTON". The route of Cemetery Lane does not appear in either list , although Cemetery Lane is referred to as the starting point for a number of footpaths

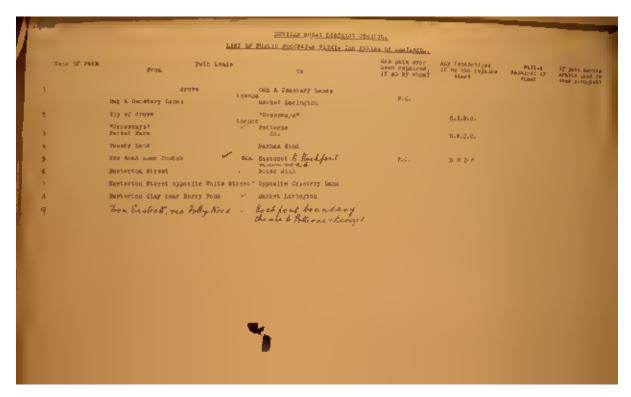


Photo: 1932 RoW Act EAST footpaths (G5-250-2):

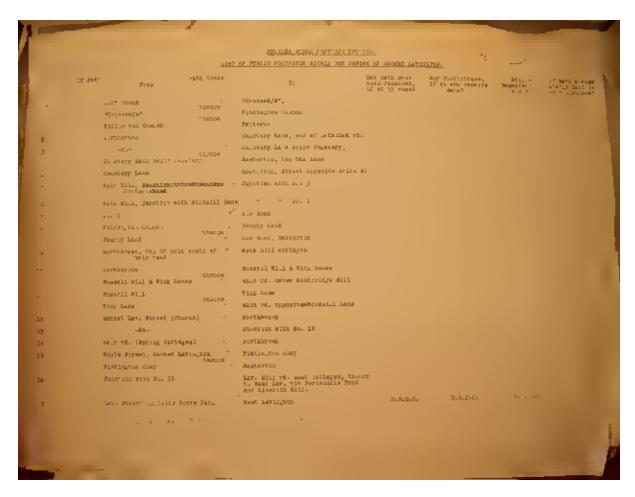


Photo: 1932 RoW Act MLAV footpaths (G5-250-2):

e. <u>Assessment.</u>

It is significant that "Cemetery Lane" is listed for Market Lavington in the section headed "Unmetalled tracks " and that it does not appear in the list of public footpaths in Market Lavington and that the entire length of Cemetery Lane is included.

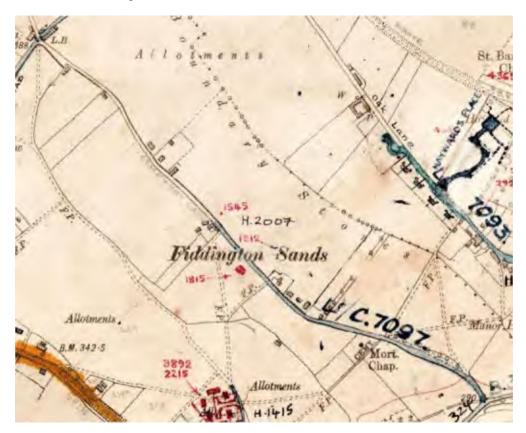
In addition five of the other "Unmetalled tracks" clearly map on to present day public byways or bridleways and two in probability correspond to public byways running across Salisbury Plain. Only the present day location of the entry for Fiddington Common is more difficult to identify. In light of the present day (2024) rights of these other tracks it is reasonable to believe those along the entire length of Drove Lane should be similar.

Although not conclusive evidence of any right of way and its status this register provides very good evidence of reputation of Cemetery Lane (now Drove lane), produced as it was under the auspices of the Rural District Council and as a result of a process initiated in Parliament, as a Public Highway with either bridleway or byway rights.

Wiltshire Highway Records map

- a. <u>Date.</u> This document was produced after the County took responsibility for highways from the RDCs in 1930, and is still in use and maintained by the County Council.
- b. <u>Relevance</u>. It shows routes for which Wiltshire Council considers it has maintenance responsibility. It does not indicate what rights are associated with the route.
- c. <u>Archives.</u> This document is held at the Wiltshire CC Highways Records Office, Trowbridge. The maps were scanned circa 2006 and are held online.
- d. Meaning. The base map for the Market Lavington area is the 1926 (revised 1922) Wiltshire Sheet OS6" XL.SW.

The map shows the eastern part of Drove Lane (as it is named in 2024) coloured blue and labelled C.7097. The western part is uncoloured but annotated "CEMETERY LANE".



e. <u>Assessment.</u>

This map gives no indication as to what rights exists along the uncoloured portion of Drove Lane but it confirms that it was previously named "Cemetery Lane."

Cemetery Lane is referred to in many of the WCC Roads and Bridges, Devizes RDC and Market Lavington Parish Council minutes.